

Higher dimensional spacetimes with a separable Klein–Gordon equation

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Motivation

Carter's ansatz for the Klein–Gordon separable metric

$$g = \frac{P_1 Z_2 - P_2 Z_1}{X_1} (\mathbf{d}x_1)^2 + \frac{P_2 Z_1 - P_1 Z_2}{X_2} (\mathbf{d}x_2)^2 \\ + \frac{X_1}{P_1 Z_2 - P_2 Z_1} (P_2 \mathbf{d}\psi_0 + Z_2 \mathbf{d}\psi_1)^2 + \frac{X_2}{P_2 Z_1 - P_1 Z_2} (P_1 \mathbf{d}\psi_0 + Z_1 \mathbf{d}\psi_1)^2$$

Separability condition:

$$P_1 Z_2 - P_2 Z_1 = W_1 + W_2$$

where $P_\mu = P_\mu(x_\mu)$, $Z_\mu = Z_\mu(x_\mu)$, $W_\mu = W_\mu(x_\mu)$, $X_\mu = X_\mu(x_\mu)$

→ Carter's classification: [A], [B \pm], [C \pm], [D]

Important case:

P_μ are nonzero constants

coordinate transformation $\rightarrow P_\mu = 1$

B. Carter, Commun. Math. Phys. **10**, 280 (1968).

B. Carter, General Relativity and Gravitation **41**, 2873 (2009).



Motivation

Kerr–NUT–(A)dS spacetime

Kerr–NUT–(A)dS metric ($D = 2N$):

$$g = \sum_{\mu} \left[\frac{U_{\mu}}{X_{\mu}} (\mathbf{d}x_{\mu})^2 + \frac{X_{\mu}}{U_{\mu}} \left(\sum_j A_{\mu}^{(j)} \mathbf{d}\psi_j \right)^2 \right]$$

where

$$U_{\mu} = \prod_{\substack{\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} (x_{\nu}^2 - x_{\mu}^2) \quad A_{\mu}^{(k)} = \sum_{\substack{\nu_1, \dots, \nu_k \\ \nu_1 < \dots < \nu_k \\ \nu_i \neq \mu}} x_{\nu_1}^2 \dots x_{\nu_k}^2$$

Coordinates:

$$x_{\mu} \quad \mu = 1, \dots, n$$

$$\psi_j \quad j = 0, \dots, n-1$$

radial and latitudinal directions

temporal and longitudinal directions

Metric functions:

$$X_{\mu} = X_{\mu}(x_{\mu}) \quad \text{off-shell}$$

$$X_{\mu} = \sum_{k=0}^n c_k (-x_{\mu}^2)^k + b_{\mu} x_{\mu} \quad \text{on-shell}$$

c_k, b_{μ} : cosmological constant, angular momenta, mass, and NUT charges



Motivation

Kerr–NUT–(A)dS spacetime

Properties:

- integrability of geodesic motion¹
- separability of the Hamilton–Jacobi, Dirac, and Klein–Gordon equations²
- tower of Killing vectors and Killing tensors³
- uniquely determined by the existence of a principal conformal Killing–Yano tensor⁴

¹D. N. Page et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **98**, 061102 (2007), eprint: hep-th/0611083.

²V. P. Frolov et al., J. High Energy Phys. **0702**, 005 (2007), eprint: hep-th/0611245.
A. Sergyeyev and P. Krtouš, Phys. Rev. D **77**, 044033 (2008), eprint: 0711.4623[hep-th].
M. Cariglia et al., Phys. Rev. D **84**, 024004 (2011), eprint: 1102.4501[hep-th].
M. Cariglia et al., Phys. Rev. D **84**, 024008 (2011), eprint: 1104.4123[hep-th].

³P. Krtouš et al., J. High Energy Phys. **0702**, 004 (2007), eprint: hep-th/0612029.
P. Krtouš et al., Phys. Rev. D **76**, 084034 (2007), eprint: 0707.0001[hep-th].

⁴T. Houri et al., Phys. Lett. **B656**, 214 (2007), eprint: 0708.1368[hep-th].
P. Krtouš et al., Phys. Rev. D **78**, 064022 (2008), eprint: 0804.4705[hep-th].
T. Houri et al., Class. Quant. Grav. **26**, 045015 (2009), eprint: 0805.3877[hep-th].



Motivation

Carter's ansatz in higher dimensions

Could Carter's ansatz be generalized to higher dimensions?

Yes, by introducing a functional freedom in each coordinate x_μ

$$x_\mu^2 \rightarrow Z_\mu(x_\mu)$$

- separability of the Klein–Gordon equation?
- Killing vectors, Killing tensors, and CKY?
- solutions of the Einstein equations?



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Off-shell metric

Klein–Gordon simple separable metric ($D = 2N$):

$$g = \sum_{\mu} \left[\frac{U_{\mu}}{X_{\mu}} (\mathbf{d}x_{\mu})^2 + \frac{X_{\mu}}{U_{\mu}} \left(\sum_j A_{\mu}^{(j)} \mathbf{d}\psi_j \right)^2 \right]$$

where $X_{\mu} = X_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$

$$U_{\mu} = \prod_{\substack{\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} (Z_{\nu} - Z_{\mu}) \quad A_{\mu}^{(j)} = \sum_{\substack{\nu_1, \dots, \nu_j \\ \nu_1 < \dots < \nu_j \\ \nu_k \neq \mu}} Z_{\nu_1} \dots Z_{\nu_j}$$

and

$$Z_{\mu} = Z_{\mu}(x_{\mu}) \quad Z'_{\mu} \neq 0$$

Alternative form:

$$g = \sum_{\mu} \left[\frac{U_{\mu}}{Y_{\mu}} (\mathbf{d}x_{\mu})^2 + \frac{X_{\mu}}{U_{\mu}} \left(\sum_j A_{\mu}^{(j)} \mathbf{d}\psi_j \right)^2 \right]$$

where $X_{\mu} = X_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$, $Y_{\mu} = Y_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$, $Z_{\mu} = x_{\mu}^2$



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Off-shell metric

Orthonormal frame e_μ, \hat{e}_μ and coframe e^μ, \hat{e}^μ :

$$e_\mu = \sqrt{\frac{X_\mu}{U_\mu}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_\mu} \quad \hat{e}_\mu = \sqrt{\frac{U_\mu}{X_\mu}} \sum_k \frac{(-Z_\mu)^{N-1-k}}{U_\mu} \frac{\partial}{\partial \psi_k}$$

$$e^\mu = \sqrt{\frac{U_\mu}{X_\mu}} dx_\mu \quad \hat{e}^\mu = \sqrt{\frac{X_\mu}{U_\mu}} \sum_k A_\mu^{(k)} d\psi_k$$

$$\rightarrow g = \sum_\mu (e^\mu e^\mu + \hat{e}^\mu \hat{e}^\mu)$$

Ricci tensor:

$$\text{Ric} = \sum_\mu T_\mu e^\mu e^\mu + \sum_\mu \left[T_\mu + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} \frac{S_{\nu,\mu}}{Z'_\mu} \frac{X_\mu}{U_\mu} \right] \hat{e}^\mu \hat{e}^\mu + \sum_{\substack{\mu,\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{S_\mu - S_\nu}{Z_\mu - Z_\nu} \sqrt{\frac{X_\mu}{U_\mu} \frac{X_\nu}{U_\nu}} \hat{e}^\mu \hat{e}^\nu$$

where

$$S_\mu = Z''_\mu + \sum_{\substack{\kappa \\ \kappa \neq \mu}} \frac{Z'_\mu{}^2 - Z'_\kappa{}^2}{Z_\mu - Z_\kappa} \quad T_\mu = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{X''_\mu}{U_\mu} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} \frac{S_{\mu,\nu}}{Z'_\nu} \frac{X_\nu}{U_\nu} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{\nu \\ \nu \neq \mu}} \frac{1}{U_\mu} \left[\frac{Z'_\mu X'_\mu - Z''_\mu X_\mu}{Z_\mu - Z_\nu} + \frac{Z'_\nu X'_\nu - Z''_\nu X_\nu}{Z_\nu - Z_\mu} \right]$$



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Off-shell metric

Killing vectors:

$${}^j\mathbf{l} = \frac{\partial}{\partial\psi_j}$$

Rank-two Killing tensors:

$${}^j\mathbf{k} = \sum_{\mu} A_{\mu}^{(j)} (e_{\mu} e_{\mu} + \hat{e}_{\mu} \hat{e}_{\mu})$$

GCCKY 2-form with torsion:⁵

$$\mathbf{h} = \sum_{\mu} \sqrt{Z_{\mu}} e^{\mu} \wedge \hat{e}^{\mu}$$

⁵T. Houri et al., *Class. Quantum Grav.* **29**, 165001 (2012), eprint: 1203.0393 [hep-th].



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Separability of the Klein–Gordon equation

Operators:

$$K_j = -\nabla_a^j k^{ab} \nabla_b \quad L_j = -i^j l^a \nabla_a$$

here $K_0 = \square$

Operators in coordinates x_μ, ψ_j :

$$K_j = \sum_\mu \frac{A_\mu^{(j)}}{U_\mu} \left[-\frac{\partial}{\partial x_\mu} X_\mu \frac{\partial}{\partial x_\mu} + \frac{1}{X_\mu} \left[\sum_k (-Z_\mu)^{N-1-k} L_k \right]^2 \right] \quad L_k = -i \frac{\partial}{\partial \psi_k}$$

Mutual commutation:

$$[L_j, L_k] = 0 \quad [L_j, K_k] = 0 \quad [K_j, K_k] = 0$$

\Downarrow eigenfunctions ϕ

$$K_j \phi = \Xi_j \phi$$

$$L_j \phi = \Psi_j \phi$$

where Ξ_j and Ψ_j are eigenvalues



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Separability of the Klein–Gordon equation

Separability ansatz:

$$\phi = \prod_{\mu} R_{\mu} \prod_k \exp(i\Psi_k \psi_k)$$

→ $R_{\mu} = R_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$ satisfy ordinary differential equations

$$\left(X_{\mu} R'_{\mu}\right)' + \left(\check{\Xi}_{\mu} - \frac{\check{\Psi}_{\mu}^2}{X_{\mu}}\right) R_{\mu} = 0$$

where

$$\check{\Psi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Psi_k (-Z_{\mu})^{N-1-k} \quad \check{\Xi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Xi_k (-Z_{\mu})^{N-1-k}$$



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Solutions of the Einstein equations

Vacuum Einstein equations:

$$\mathbf{Ric} = \frac{\Lambda}{N-1} \mathbf{g}$$

Solution (off-diagonal part \rightarrow trace \rightarrow diagonal part):

$$\begin{aligned} Z_\mu &= px_\mu^2 + q_\mu x_\mu + r_\mu & X_\mu &= \alpha_\mu x_\mu + \beta_\mu + \sum_{k=1}^{N+1} d_k (-Z_\mu)^k \\ q_\mu^2 - 4pr_\mu &= r & \alpha_\mu q_\mu - 2\beta_\mu p &= s \\ d_{N+1} &= \begin{cases} 0 & p \neq 0 \\ -\frac{2}{N^2-1} \frac{\Lambda}{r} & p = 0, r \neq 0 \end{cases} \\ d_N &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(N-1)(2N-1)} \frac{\Lambda}{p} & p \neq 0 \\ \text{const.} \in \mathbb{R} & p = 0, r \neq 0 \end{cases} \\ d_{N-1} &= \text{const.} \in \mathbb{R} \\ &\vdots \\ d_1 &= \text{const.} \in \mathbb{R} \end{aligned}$$



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Solutions of the Einstein equations

$$Z_\mu = px_\mu^2 + q_\mu x_\mu + r_\mu \quad p \neq 0$$

New coordinates $\check{x}_\mu, \check{\psi}_j$ (linear transformation):

$$g = \sum_\mu \left[\frac{\check{U}_\mu}{\check{X}_\mu} (\mathbf{d}\check{x}_\mu)^2 + \frac{\check{X}_\mu}{\check{U}_\mu} \left(\sum_j \check{A}_\mu^{(j)} \mathbf{d}\check{\psi}_j \right)^2 \right]$$

where

$$\check{Z}_\mu = \check{x}_\mu^2 \quad \check{X}_\mu = \sum_{k=0}^N \check{c}_k (-\check{x}_\mu^2)^k + \check{b}_\mu \check{x}_\mu$$
$$\check{c}_N = \frac{\Lambda}{(N-1)(2N-1)}$$

→ Kerr–NUT–(A)dS spacetime



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes

Solutions of the Einstein equations

$$Z_\mu = qx_\mu + r_\mu \quad q \neq 0$$

New coordinates $\check{x}_\mu, \check{\psi}_j$ (linear transformation):

$$g = \sum_\mu \left[\frac{\check{U}_\mu}{\check{X}_\mu} (\mathbf{d}\check{x}_\mu)^2 + \frac{\check{X}_\mu}{\check{U}_\mu} \left(\sum_j \check{A}_\mu^{(j)} \mathbf{d}\check{\psi}_j \right)^2 \right]$$

where

$$\check{Z}_\mu = \check{x}_\mu \quad \check{X}_\mu = \sum_{k=1}^{N+1} \check{c}_k (-\check{x}_\mu)^k + \check{b}_\mu$$
$$\check{c}_{N+1} = -\frac{2\Lambda}{N^2 - 1}$$

- scaling limit of the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS spacetime⁶
- Kähler 2-form $\Omega = \sum_\mu e^\mu \wedge \hat{e}^\mu$
- Euclidean signature

⁶D. Kubizňák, Phys. Lett. **B675**, 110 (2009), eprint: 0902.1999[hep-th].



Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes

Warped geometry

Manifold ($D = \tilde{D} + \bar{D}$):

$$M = \tilde{M} \times \bar{M}$$

Metric:

$$g = \tilde{g} + \tilde{w}^2 \bar{g}$$

Ricci tensor:

$$\mathbf{Ric} = \tilde{\mathbf{Ric}} - \frac{\bar{D}}{\tilde{w}} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} + \bar{\mathbf{Ric}} - \tilde{w}^2 \left(\frac{\tilde{\mathcal{H}}}{\tilde{w}} + (\bar{D} - 1) \tilde{\lambda}^2 \right) \bar{g}$$

where

$$\tilde{\mathbf{H}} = \tilde{\nabla} \tilde{\nabla} \tilde{w} \quad \tilde{\mathcal{H}} = \tilde{g}^{ab} \tilde{\mathbf{H}}_{ab} \quad \tilde{\lambda} = \mathbf{d} \ln \tilde{w} \quad \tilde{\lambda}^2 = \tilde{g}^{ab} \tilde{\lambda}_a \tilde{\lambda}_b$$

Rank-two Killing tensors:⁷

$$\tilde{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\tilde{A}}{\tilde{w}^2} \bar{g}^{-1} \quad \bar{\mathbf{k}}$$

if $\tilde{\mathbf{k}}$, $\bar{\mathbf{k}}$ are Killing tensors and $\tilde{\nabla}^a \tilde{A} = 2(\tilde{A} \tilde{g}^{ab} - \tilde{\mathbf{k}}^{ab}) \tilde{\lambda}_b$

⁷P. Krtouš et al., Phys. Rev. D **93**, 024057 (2015), eprint: 1508.02642[gr-qc].



Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes

Off-shell metric

Warped Klein–Gordon separable metric:

$$\mathbf{g} = \tilde{\mathbf{g}} + \tilde{w}^2 \bar{\mathbf{g}}$$

where

$$\tilde{w}^2 = \tilde{Z}_1 \dots \tilde{Z}_{\tilde{N}}$$

and

$\tilde{\mathbf{g}}, \bar{\mathbf{g}}$ are Klein–Gordon simple separable metrics

Killing vectors:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{l}}^{\tilde{j}} = \tilde{\mathbf{l}}^{\tilde{j}} \quad \tilde{N} + \tilde{j} \mathbf{l} = \bar{\mathbf{l}}^{\tilde{j}}$$

Rank-two Killing tensors:

$$\tilde{\mathbf{k}}^{\tilde{j}} = \tilde{\mathbf{k}}^{\tilde{j}} + \frac{\tilde{A}^{(\tilde{j})}}{\tilde{w}^2} \bar{\mathbf{g}}^{-1} \quad \tilde{N} + \tilde{j} \mathbf{k} = \bar{\mathbf{k}}^{\tilde{j}}$$

where

$$A^{(j)} = \sum_{\substack{\nu_1, \dots, \nu_j \\ \nu_1 < \dots < \nu_j}} Z_{\nu_1} \dots Z_{\nu_j}$$



Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes

Separability of the Klein–Gordon equation

Operators:

$$K_j = -\nabla_a^j k^{ab} \nabla_b \quad L_j = -i^j l^a \nabla_a$$

Operators in coordinates $\tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}, \tilde{\psi}_{\tilde{j}}, \bar{x}_{\bar{\mu}}, \bar{\psi}_{\bar{j}}$:

$$K_{\tilde{j}} = \sum_{\tilde{\mu}} \frac{\tilde{A}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{(\tilde{j})}}{\tilde{U}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \left[-\frac{1}{\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{\frac{\tilde{N}}{2}}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{\frac{\tilde{N}}{2}} \tilde{X}_{\tilde{\mu}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}} + \frac{1}{\tilde{X}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \left[\sum_{\tilde{k}} (-\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\tilde{k}} L_{\tilde{k}} \right]^2 \right] + \frac{\tilde{A}^{(\tilde{j})}}{\tilde{A}^{(\tilde{N})}} K_{\tilde{N}} \quad L_{\tilde{k}} = -i \frac{\partial}{\partial \tilde{\psi}_{\tilde{k}}}$$

$$K_{\tilde{N}+\tilde{j}} = \sum_{\tilde{\mu}} \frac{\tilde{A}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{(\tilde{j})}}{\tilde{U}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \left[-\frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \bar{X}_{\tilde{\mu}} \frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}} + \frac{1}{\bar{X}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \left[\sum_{\tilde{k}} (-\bar{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\tilde{k}} L_{\tilde{N}+\tilde{k}} \right]^2 \right] \quad L_{\tilde{N}+\tilde{k}} = -i \frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{\psi}_{\tilde{k}}}$$

Mutual commutation:

$$[L_j, L_k] = 0 \quad [L_j, K_k] = 0 \quad [K_j, K_k] = 0$$

\Downarrow eigenfunctions ϕ

$$K_j \phi = \Xi_j \phi$$

$$L_j \phi = \Psi_j \phi$$

where Ξ_j and Ψ_j are eigenvalues



Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes

Separability of the Klein–Gordon equation

Separability ansatz:

$$\phi = \prod_{\tilde{\mu}} \tilde{R}_{\tilde{\mu}} \prod_{\bar{\mu}} \bar{R}_{\bar{\mu}} \prod_{\tilde{k}} \exp(i\Psi_{\tilde{k}} \tilde{\psi}_{\tilde{k}}) \prod_{\bar{k}} \exp(i\Psi_{\tilde{N}+\bar{k}} \bar{\psi}_{\bar{k}})$$

$\rightarrow \tilde{R}_{\tilde{\mu}} = \tilde{R}_{\tilde{\mu}}(\tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}})$, $\bar{R}_{\bar{\mu}} = \bar{R}_{\bar{\mu}}(\bar{x}_{\bar{\mu}})$ satisfy ordinary differential equations

$$\left(\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{\frac{\tilde{N}}{2}} \tilde{X}_{\tilde{\mu}} \tilde{R}'_{\tilde{\mu}} \right)' + \left(\check{\Xi}_{\tilde{\mu}} - \frac{\check{\Psi}_{\tilde{\mu}}^2}{\tilde{X}_{\tilde{\mu}}} + \frac{\Xi_{\tilde{N}}}{\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}}} \right) \tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{\frac{\tilde{N}}{2}} \tilde{R}_{\tilde{\mu}} = 0$$

$$\left(\bar{X}_{\bar{\mu}} \bar{R}'_{\bar{\mu}} \right)' + \left(\check{\Xi}_{\bar{\mu}} - \frac{\check{\Psi}_{\bar{\mu}}^2}{\bar{X}_{\bar{\mu}}} \right) \bar{R}_{\bar{\mu}} = 0$$

where

$$\check{\Xi}_{\tilde{\mu}} = \sum_{\tilde{k}} \Xi_{\tilde{k}} (-\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\tilde{k}}$$

$$\check{\Xi}_{\bar{\mu}} = \sum_{\bar{k}} \Xi_{\tilde{N}+\bar{k}} (-\bar{Z}_{\bar{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\bar{k}}$$

$$\check{\Psi}_{\tilde{\mu}} = \sum_{\tilde{k}} \Psi_{\tilde{k}} (-\tilde{Z}_{\tilde{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\tilde{k}}$$

$$\check{\Psi}_{\bar{\mu}} = \sum_{\bar{k}} \Psi_{\tilde{N}+\bar{k}} (-\bar{Z}_{\bar{\mu}})^{\tilde{N}-1-\bar{k}}$$



Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes

Solutions of the Einstein equations

Vacuum Einstein equations:

$$\mathbf{\tilde{R}ic} = \frac{\bar{D}}{\tilde{w}} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} + \frac{2\Lambda}{D-2} \tilde{\mathbf{g}} \quad \mathbf{Ric} = \underbrace{\tilde{w}^2 \left(\frac{\tilde{\mathcal{H}}}{\tilde{w}} + (\bar{D}-1)\tilde{\lambda}^2 + \frac{2\Lambda}{D-2} \right)}_{\Upsilon=\text{const.}} \bar{\mathbf{g}}$$

Solution of tilded equations:

$$\tilde{X}_{\tilde{\mu}} = \sum_{\tilde{k}=0}^{\tilde{N}} \tilde{c}_{\tilde{k}} (-\tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}^2)^{\tilde{k}} + \frac{\tilde{b}_{\tilde{\mu}}}{\tilde{x}_{\tilde{\mu}}^{2\tilde{N}-1}} \quad \tilde{c}_{\tilde{N}} = \frac{\Lambda}{(2\tilde{N}-1)(\tilde{N}-1)} \quad \tilde{c}_0 = \frac{\Upsilon}{2\tilde{N}-1}$$

Solutions of barred equation:

$$\bar{X}_{\bar{\mu}} = \sum_{\bar{k}=0}^{\bar{N}} \bar{c}_{\bar{k}} (-\bar{x}_{\bar{\mu}}^2)^{\bar{k}} + \bar{b}_{\bar{\mu}} \bar{x}_{\bar{\mu}} \quad \bar{c}_{\bar{N}} = \frac{\Upsilon}{2\bar{N}-1}$$

→ limit of vanishing rotations of the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS spacetime⁸

$$\bar{X}_{\bar{\mu}} = \sum_{\bar{k}=1}^{\bar{N}+1} \bar{c}_{\bar{k}} (-\bar{x}_{\bar{\mu}}^2)^{\bar{k}} + \bar{b}_{\bar{\mu}} \quad \bar{c}_{\bar{N}+1} = -\frac{2\Upsilon}{\bar{N}+1}$$

⁸P. Krtouš et al., *Class. Quantum Grav.* **33**, 115016 (2016), eprint: 1511.02536 [hep-th].



Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS

Separability of the charged Hamilton–Jacobi equation

‘Charged’ classical observables:

$${}^qK_j = (\mathbf{p}_a - q\mathbf{A}_a)^j \mathbf{k}^{ab} (\mathbf{p}_b - q\mathbf{A}_b)$$

$${}^qL_j = {}^j\mathbf{l}^a \mathbf{p}_a$$

here \mathbf{A} is a vector potential, q is a charge, ${}^qK_0 = H$

$$\forall {}^qK_j, {}^qL_k \text{ mutually Poisson-commute} \iff \begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_j \mathbf{l}^a \mathbf{A} &= 0 \\ {}^j\mathbf{k}^{c(a} \mathbf{F}_{cd} {}^k\mathbf{k}^{b)d} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Solution:

$$\mathbf{A} = \sum_{\mu} \frac{f_{\mu}}{\sqrt{U_{\mu} X_{\mu}}} \hat{\mathbf{e}}^{\mu}$$

where $f_{\mu} = f_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$

Maxwell tensor $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{d}\mathbf{A}$:

$$\mathbf{F} = \sum_{\nu} \left(\frac{f'_{\nu}}{U_{\nu}} + 2x_{\nu} \sum_{\substack{\mu \\ \mu \neq \nu}} \frac{1}{U_{\mu}} \frac{f_{\mu} - f_{\nu}}{x_{\mu}^2 - x_{\nu}^2} \right) \mathbf{e}^{\nu} \wedge \hat{\mathbf{e}}^{\nu}$$



Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS

Separability of the charged Hamilton–Jacobi equation

Special cases:

- aligned with the primary Killing vector⁹ $\xi = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \psi_0} \right)^b$

$$\mathbf{A} = e \xi \quad f_\mu = e X_\mu$$

where e is a constant parameter

- solution of source-free Maxwell's equations¹⁰

$$\mathbf{A} = \sum_{\mu} \frac{e_{\mu} x_{\mu}}{\sqrt{U_{\mu} X_{\mu}}} \hat{e}^{\mu} \quad f_{\mu} = e_{\mu} x_{\mu}$$

where e_{μ} are constant parameters

⁹V. P. Frolov and P. Krtouš, Phys. Rev. D **83**, 024016 (2011), eprint: 1010.2266[hep-th].

M. Cariglia et al., Phys. Rev. D **87**, 064003 (2013), eprint: 1211.4631[gr-qc].

¹⁰P. Krtouš, Phys. Rev. D **76**, 084035 (2007), eprint: 0707.0002[hep-th].



Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS

Separability of the charged Hamilton–Jacobi equation

Conserved quantities:

$${}^qK_j = \Xi_j \quad {}^qL_j = \Psi_j$$

$$\Downarrow \quad \mathbf{p} \rightarrow \nabla S$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\nabla_a S - q\mathbf{A}_a)^{jkab} (\nabla_b S - q\mathbf{A}_b) &= \Xi_j \\ {}^j t^a \nabla_a S &= \Psi_j \end{aligned}$$

Separability ansatz:

$$S = \sum_{\mu} S_{\mu} + \sum_k \Psi_k \psi_k$$

$\rightarrow S_{\mu} = S_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$ satisfy ordinary differential equations

$$(S'_{\mu})^2 = \frac{\check{\Xi}_{\mu}}{X_{\mu}} - \frac{1}{X_{\mu}^2} (\check{\Psi}_{\mu} - qf_{\mu})^2$$

where

$$\check{\Psi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Psi_k (-x_{\mu}^2)^{N-1-k} \quad \check{\Xi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Xi_k (-x_{\mu}^2)^{N-1-k}$$



Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS

Separability of the charged Klein–Gordon equation

‘Charged’ field operators ($\mathbf{p} \rightarrow -i\nabla$):

$${}^qK_j = -[\nabla_a - iq\mathbf{A}_a] {}^j\mathbf{k}^{ab} [\nabla_b - iq\mathbf{A}_b]$$

$${}^qL_j = -i {}^j\mathbf{l}^a \nabla_a$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{j\mathbf{l}} \mathbf{A} = 0$$

$\forall {}^qK_j, {}^qL_k$ mutually commute \iff

$${}^j\mathbf{k}^{c(a} \mathbf{F}_{cd} {}^k\mathbf{k}^{b)d} = 0$$

$$\nabla_a \left({}^j\mathbf{k}^{ab} \nabla_b (\nabla_c ({}^k\mathbf{k}^{cd} \mathbf{A}_d)) - (j \leftrightarrow k) \right) = 0$$

Solution:

$$\mathbf{A} = \sum_{\mu} \frac{f_{\mu}}{\sqrt{U_{\mu} X_{\mu}}} \hat{\mathbf{e}}^{\mu}$$

anomalous condition is automatically satisfied



Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS

Separability of the charged Klein–Gordon equation

Eigenfunctions ϕ :

$${}^q\mathbf{K}_j \phi = \Xi_j \phi$$

$${}^q\mathbf{L}_j \phi = \Psi_j \phi$$

Separability ansatz:

$$\phi = \prod_{\mu} R_{\mu} \prod_k \exp(i\Psi_k \psi_k)$$

$\rightarrow R_{\mu} = R_{\mu}(x_{\mu})$ satisfy ordinary differential equations

$$(X_{\mu} R'_{\mu})' + \left(\check{\Xi}_{\mu} - \frac{1}{X_{\mu}} (\check{\Psi}_{\mu} - qf_{\mu})^2 \right) R_{\mu} = 0$$

where

$$\check{\Psi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Psi_k (-x_{\mu}^2)^{N-1-k} \quad \check{\Xi}_{\mu} = \sum_k \Xi_k (-x_{\mu}^2)^{N-1-k}$$



Klein–Gordon simple separable spacetimes:

- generalization of Carter's ansatz to higher dimensions
- separability of the Klein–Gordon equation
- solutions of the Einstein equations (Kerr–NUT–(A)dS, scaling limit)

Warped Klein–Gordon separable spacetimes:

- separability of the Klein–Gordon equation
- solutions of the Einstein equations (limit of vanishing rotations, ?)

Weak electromagnetic field in the Kerr–NUT–(A)dS:

- charged Hamilton–Jacobi equation
- charged Klein–Gordon equation

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